VOL. IX. NO. 98. NEW SERIES.

COLUMBUS, OHIO, FRIDAY MORNING OCT. 3, 1862.

SIX DOLLARS PER YRAR; Invariably in Advance

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY

MANYPENNY & MILLER. PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS. 33 Office Hos. 36, 38 and 40, North High St TERMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

By the Carrier, per week, 1214 cents.
Veckly 3 00 per year. erms of Advertising by the Square. nesquare 1 year...\$20 00 | One square 3 weeks...\$4 00 One " 2 weeks... 3 00 One " 2 weeks... 3 00 One " 6 months 15 00 One " 1 week... 1 75 One " 8 months 10 00 One " 2 days ... 1 00 One " 2 days ... 75 One " 1 month. 5 00 One " 2 days ... 75 One " 1 month. 5 00 One " 1 insertion 50

Displayed advertisements half more than the boy ates.

Advertisements leaded and placed in the column of Advertisements leaded and placed in the column of special Notices," double the ordinary roses.

All notices required to be published by law, legal rates. If ordered on the inside exclusively after the first week per cent, more than the above rates; but all such wil spear in the Tri-Weekly without charge.

Business Cards, not exceeding five lines, per year, inide, 22 50 per line; outside \$3.

Notices of meetings, charitables colettes, fire companies, &c., balf price.

Notices of meetings, charitance outsides, and price.
All transfent advertisements must be paid for in advances. The rule will not be varied from.

Weekly, same price as the Daily, where the advertises as the Weekly alone. Where he Daily and Weekly to both used, about the charge for the Weekly will be all the rates of the Daily.

No advertisement taken except for a definite period.

Summer Arrangement. 1869. 1862. EAST.

CENTRAL OHIO

Steubenville Railroads

OFFER THE shortest, Quickest and Most Relia-ble Route

Pittsburgh, Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington City, Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

irect connections are made at Bellaire with

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD. And at Pittsburgh with the

Pennsylvania Central Railroad

Trains leave Columbus daily (Sundays ex-cepted) as follows: VIA STRUBERVILLE 1:35 P. M. 3:50 A. M: 11:10 A. M.

12-03 P. M. 11:18 P. M. 11:18 A M. 5:95 P. M P. M. 2:20 A. M. 3:25 P. M. 8:00 P. M.

Via Baltimore and Ohio Ballroad:

11:40 A. M. 10:00 P. M.

Arrive at Baltimore 6:00 P. M. 6:00 P. M.

Arrive at Washington City, 6:45 P. M. 6:45 P. M.

Arrive at Philadelphia 11:00 P. M. 11:00 P. M.

Arrive at New York 4:15 A. M. 4:15 A. M.

Via Pennsylvania Central Railroad:

Past Line. Express. Mall.

Leave Pittsburgh... 8:30 P. M. 4:00 P. M. 2.00 A. M.

Arrive at Harrisburg, 5:25 A. M. 2:00 A. M. 1:00 P. M.

Arrive at Philad a... 9:25 A. M. 5:10 A. M. 5:25 P. M.

Arrive at New York, 2:00 P. M. 6:30 A. M. 10:00 P. M.

Arrive at Baltimore, 19:30 P. M. 6:00 A. M. 6:30 P. M.

Arrive at Wash. City, 6:00 P. M. 9:00 A. M. Passengers desiring tickets to the above routes via the Pennsylvania Railroad or Baltimore and Ohio Railroad abould be particular to sak for them via Bellaire of Stephenville.

I. A. HUTCHINSON, General Passenger Agent Summer Arrangement.

Little Miami & Columbus & Xenia

For Cincinnati, Dayton & Indianapolis!

RAILROADS.

Through to Indianapolis without Change of Cars and but One Change of Cars between Columbus and St. Louis.

On and After Monday, May 5 1862.

Four Trains Daily from Columbus.

FIRST TRAIN. OlnOinnati accommodation at 5:20 a. m., copping at all stations between Columbus, Cincinnati and Dayton striving at Cincinnati at 10:30 a. m. at Dayton 8:37 a. m.; arrive at Indianapolis at 1:34 p. m.

SECOND TRAIN. EXPRESS at 11:36 a. m., stopping at Jefferson, London, Charleston, Gedarville, Kenla, Spring Valley, Corwin, Fort Ancient, Morrow, South Lebanon, Foster's, Loveland and Milford, arriving at Oincinnuit at 4:39 p. m., at Dayton at 2:35 p. m.; arrive at Indianapolis at 7:55 p. m.; connecting at Chelanatt with the Ohlo and Mississippi Railroad for 8t. Louis, Vincenney, Cairo, etc.; connecting at Indianapolis for all points West.

THIRD TRAIN.

MAIL AND ACCOMMODATION at 4:10 p. m., stopping at all stations between Columbus and Cincinnatieriving at Cincinnatiat 10:20 p. m. FOURTH TRAIN.

NIGHT EXPRESS, via Dayton, at 18:00 midnight, stepping at Lendon, Charleston, Xenis, Dayton, Middletown and Hamilton; arriving at Cincinnati at 5:40 a. m.; connecting with Ohio and Mississippi Railroad for Vincennes, Louisville, Oairo, St. Louis, etc.; arriving at Indianapolis at 7:15 a. m.; connecting at Indianapolis for Lathyette, Terro Haute, Chicago, and all points West.

SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.

P. W. STRADER,
General Ticket Agent, Cincinna
JNO. W. DOHERTY,
Agent, Columba
B. W. WOODWARD,
Superintendent, Cincinnat

CALT HOUSE,

No. 178 North High Street,

COLUMBUS, OHIO. Fanongers wated up at all hours of the night for any of the trains. Terms moderate, to suit the times.

The Ohio Statesman STOVES, STOVES, STOVES

J. L. CILL & SON'S NEW BLOCK,

NORTH HIGH STREET

AND SEE THE LARGEST STOCK. THE GREATEST VARIETY.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS

THEY HAVE COOKING STOVES FOR COAL, COOKING STOVES FOR WOOD,

> COOKING STOVES For either Wood or Coal.

COOKING STOVES For Large Families or Small Families, and varying

Three Dollars to One Hundred and Twenty-Five.

PARLOR STOVES,

DINING-ROOM STOVES

HALL STOVES, Of many Patterns SITTING-ROOM STOVES. STORE-ROOM STOVES.

OFFICE STOVES, Army Stoves,

The Lightest and most Portable Tent Store ever offered to the Officers of our Great Army.

FURNACES,

For Heating Dwellings, Churches, Store-rooms, or other large Buildings.

MOTT BOILERS. AGRICULTURAL BOILERS.

HOLLOW WARE. DOGG IRONS

SUGAR EVAPORATORS,

SUGAR KETTLES

SAD IRONS,

TAILORS' GEESE. and many other articles-"or any other man-

IIP CALL AND BEE ATI No. 92 North High Street, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

J. L. Gill & Son

The attention of the Public is called Wooden Eave Troughs

CONDUCTORS

N. E. Lovejoy & Co.,

THEY are made from the solid stick of pine, coated on the inside with Water-proof Composition; they excel anything in use for dorability and chespness; can be applied to old buildings where tin has given out, or new buildings in process of erection, so as to form part of the cornice.

They are prepared to fill orders from any part of the State, for any rice, from 41% to 9 inches wide, with instructions how to put them up.

apl-dhawtawam

Closing Out Prices. Organdies 10 and 18% cents.
Organdies 18% and 15 cents.
Shepherd's Checks 18% and 15 cents.
English Berness 18% cents.
Ruglish Ferness 18% to 25 cents.
Superior Ginghams 18% to 15 cents.
Traveling Dress Goods 8, 10, 12%, 15 cts
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas Very Cheap.
BAIN & BON,
Junes No. 29 South High Street.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

SILK Mantillas, Sacques and Oirculara.

Prench Lace Mantillas, Scarfs and Points.
At an innersus reduction in price.

Persons wishing to purchase will find this an excellent opportunity to secure elegant garments at unusually low prices. No. 29 South High Street

Closing Out Sale at Great Bargains L AWNS, Berages, Organdies, M. Traveling Dress-Goods.
Parasols, Chintnes, Gloghams.

Paris Lustrinas,

WEEKLY

PUBLISHED BY

MANYPENNY & MILLER

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

At \$1.00 Per Year.

Larger by Several Thousands,

Than any other paper in Ohio, outside of Cincinnati,

OFFERS FACILITIES

FOR ADVERTISING

Which cannot fail to bring

Quick and Remunerative Returns.

To those who take advantage of them

THE

WEEKLY STATESMAN.

Distributed, as it is

LAUNDRY STOVES, Through Every Postoffice in Ohio

Is found to the hands of

A Large Class of Readers,

Whose paironage is valuable, and who seldom see the Daily Editions of city journals; and as only

A LIMITED NUMBER

ADVERTISEMENTS

Are inserted in its columns.

APPROPRIATELY

-AND-

HANDSOMELY DISPLAYED.

They cannot fall to

Attract Attention

WHOLESALE DEALERS

Advertising in the

WEEKLY STATESMAN.

Will find it advantageous in The Increase of Trade;

Which is almost certain to follow an extensive disser-

tion of a knowledge of their business

AMONG COUNTRY DEALERS.

Advertisements intended for The Weekly Statesman

1862.

Summer Arrangement—Time

Changed. Great Northern & Eastern Route.

1862.

CLEVELAND, COLUMBUS

CINCINNATI

RAILROAD

ting at Orestline with the PITTSBURGH, FT. affairs as very dull. WAYNE & OHICAGO RAILBOAD For Pitteburgh, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

for Fort Wayne and Chicago. Connecting at Cleveland with the LAKE SHORE RAIL-ROAD For Dunkirk, Buffale, Albany, Boston, and New York.

THREE TRAINS DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

LITTLE MIAMI AND COLUMBUS AND XENIA RAILHGADS.

NIGHT EXPERSE—Leaves Columbus at 4:00 A. M. Will stop at Delaware, Ashley, Cardington, Gilead, Gallon, and at all stations North of Gallon; arriving at Oleveland at 9:50 A. M., Dunkirk 3:55 P. M., Buffalo 5:25 P. M., New York 10 A.M., Boston 2:30 P. M.

SECOND TRAIN. NEW YORK EXPRESS—Leaves Columbus at 11:10
A. M. Will step at Delaware. Cardington, Gilead.
Crestline, Shelby, New London. Wellington and Grafton; arriving at Cleveland at 3:35 P. M., Dunkirk 9:05 P.
M., Buffale 10:25 P. M., New York 2:00 P. M., Boston
4:55 P. M.

MAIL AND EXPRESS—Leaves Columbus at 3:40 P.
M. Will stop at all stations south of Shelby, and at
Salem, New London, Wellington, Grafton and Beres; arriving at Cleveland at 2:10 P. M. Dunkir 2:50 A. M.,
Baffalo 5:20 A. M., New York 9:00 P. M., Boston 11:45

CONNECTIONS. At Delaware with Springfield Branch for Springfield and points on that road At Crestine with Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago Ballroad for Pittsburgh, Philadelphia and Baltimore. Railroad for Fittsourgh, Fritisdespins and Section Also for Chicago.

At Shelby, with Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark Railroad, for all points on that road. Also for Toledo.

At Cleveland, with Lake Shore Railroad for Eric.

Dunkirk, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

Patent Sleeping Cars are run on all Night Trains to Chicago, New York and Boston.

Saggage Checked Through to New York and Bosto via Cleveland: also, to Philadelphia and New York via Orestine. RETURNING. Night Express arrives at Columbus at 11:30 P. M. Cincinnati Express arrives at Columbus at 11:30 A. M. Accommodation arrives at Columbus at 10:15 P. M.

fare as Low as by any other Route

Ask for Tickets via Crestline or Cleveland B. S. FLINT, Superintendent, Cleveland, Oblo. JAMES PATTERSON, Agent, Columbus, Ohio

THE

Columbus, May 7, 1802

SPLENDIDLY EQUIPPED IMPROVED MACHINERY

STEAM POWER.

N. W. LEFAVOR, Supt: NOS. 32 34, 36, 38 NORTH HIGH STREET, Statesman Building, Second Floor over R. Nevins's State Steam

Printing Rooms. EXTRA SUBSTANTIAL

PAGED BLANK BOOKS. Wit or without Printed Headings, on Superior Paper

To any required Pattern STATE DEPARTMENTS. RAILBOAD OFFICES.

RULED AND BOUND

BANKING HOUSES. COUNTY OFFICES MURCHANTS.

BOOK BINDING

Eurnished at the Lowest Prices

MONTHLY PUBLICATIONS PAPERS

Bound in any Required Style. BINDING AND RE-BINDING

For Public and Private Libraries-J. H. RILEY, or, N. W. LEFAVOR ookseller and Stationer 75 South High Street.

STATE AND UNITED STATES Pay, Pension & Bounty Agency,

All Claims Against the State or U. S.

PHELPS. LEWIS & PHELPS. Sign "Soldiers' Home," Broadway, Co-lumbus, C., North of State House; C. Phelps's residence, Newbery, Geauga

AT THE SOLICITATION OF THE MANY FOR whom the different members of our firm have done besiness, we have made arrangements to devote much of our time to the work of procuring the Pay of discharged Soldiers and resigned Officers; Discharges and Pensions for those disabled; the \$100 Bounty for Widows, Children, Parents, Brothers and Sisters. Also, Yearly Pensions to Widows.

Bend us all the papers and information in your possession, and we will at once send you blanks to fill out. Den't delay.

Apply to or address

PHELPS, LEWIS & PHELPS,

Broadway, near Buckeye House, Columbus, O.;
Or, Newbery, Genuga county, O.

REFERENCES—The hundreds for whom we have done business.

GENTS RIBERD MEDING UNDER-

Ohio Statesman

TELEGRAPHIC.

BF For latest Telegraphic News, see 3d Page.

Morning and Noon Reports.

PHOM WASHINGTON.

Washington, Oct 1.—Scoretary Stanton has appointed Simeon Draper, of New York, to be Provost Marshal-General of the War Department, the new post oreated a few days ago under General Orders No. 140.

Col. Van Wyck has arrived here from his command at Yorktown, where he represents

Mason Brayman, of Illinois, has been appointed Brig. General of Volunteers. D. D. Porter, U. S N, has been appointed to the command of all the naval forces on the Mussissippi river, with the rank of Acting Rear The forces under his orders, in vessels, guns and men, will be larger than ever be-fore under command of any United States Na-val officer. His squadron will be distinct in every way from that of Admiral Farragut, who will still command the western Gulf blockading

Pensacola. It is ascertained that the next steamer from New York will carry sufficient money to pay all amounts due our soldiers in that department. hourly danger of capture, was busy making up Some time ago the necessary funds were transpartisan lists of Tax Collectors and Assessors Some time ago the necessary funds were trans-mitted to South and North Carolina for similar purposes. With comparatively few exceptions, no part of the army is more than one payment in arrears, and the reasons for this inattention

masters, as heretofore established in conformity to the 85th section of the excise law: First, Paymasters and disbursing officers will deduct and withhold the sum of three per cent. from the Chicago platform? A stream never rises higher than its fountain, nor an administration than its head.

Aux. 1, Sec. 9. The privilege of the writ of habes corpus shall not be suspended, unless when it cases of such asiaries or payments over the rate of \$600 per annum. Second, Supplies issued in sind are not regarded as payments, and are not subject to assessment or reduction. Third, It is understood that each commissioned efficer of the army receives from the Paymaster compensation at the rate of not less than \$600 per annum; therefore, all payments made by a Quartice of the North shown a power and wealth of as the rate of not less than \$600 per annum; therefore, all payments made by a Quartice of the case of modern improvements of warrate of tax of three per cent. should be decayed and withheld from the amount thereof accordingly.

decision of the Supreme Court, in regard to the subject to the distort of surfuctions of the Chicago platform? A stream never rises higher than its fountain, nor an administration than its head.

Aux. 1, Sec. 9. The privilege of the writ of habes corpus shall not be suppended, unless when it cases of rebellion er invasion the public safety may require it.

It is customary to say, in excuse for the present are not regarded as payments, and are not subject to assessments or reduction. Third, It is understood that each commissioned efficer of the North shown a power and wealth of means equally surprising?

There is preaching of the gospel and there is an extent, or in the use of modern improvements of warranged in excess of \$600 per annum and the rate of tox is state, and withheld from the amount thereof accordingly.

The commissioned of the visit and constitution in the Government of the Matter of the with of the subject of sinterer placed in the hands of the President at Washington unlimited and t

ry, has received information that he was yes terday renominated for Congress by the Republican-Union Convention in the 24 Himois Con-

gressional District, on the 1st ballot. BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY. Hebels Destroying the B. & O. R. B. -From the couling a Coast. on the upper Potomac, says the rebels have be-

gun the work of devastation on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad-bridges, culverts and embankments are being destroyed, excavations filled up, and rails and stock carried off.

all grades, and the Admiral's fleet is already very formidable. The Proble is turned into a floating hospital, but as yellow fever has entirely left us, her bunks are not likely to be Republican Nominations CINCINNATI, Oct. 2 .- Col. John Groesbeck

was nominated for Congress in the 1st District, and John A. Gurley in the 2d District, by the Union Convention held here to-day.

Rebel Forces in Missouri SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Sept. 30.—A highly responsible and reliable geatleman who has enjoyed advantageous opportunities for ascertaining the number and location of the rebel forces menacing our southern border, and who has been in some of their camps within tea days, represents that in Newton county, five miles south of Service there are forty-five hundred rebels, unclassed. Granby, there are forty-five hundred rebels, un-der command of Coffee and Shelby. Seven miles

thousand.

The above figures show an aggregate force of forty thousand rebals; of these, twenty-three thousand are either within the boundary

BAIN & BON.

At a public meeting in New Hampshire, Senator Hale, of that State, is reported to have said: 'I may be ordered to Fort Warren for the expression I am about to make; but I do not hesitate to declare that there is nothing that can parallel the exhibition of ability, vigor and resources shown by the Confederate Government, except the incapacity and imbedility of our own." Senator Hale has not yet been sent to Fort Warren; and will not be. That place is reserved for Democrats, who at some former day may have offended a Cabinet officer and who are badgered with false charges of disloyalty now.

motto was "the Union as it was and the Constitution as it is."

Mr. McGaffey alluded to the evidences of a conspiracy, the object of which was to comppet the President "to change his policy" by freeing all the negroes, and said he heped that Old Abe would stand by the pledges of the Crittendon resolution and the other pledges which he had given the country. In conclusion, the appeaker thought the very best thing that those of the people of Somerford township who could leave home could do, was to shoulder a musket, and the next best thing was to vote for Sam Cox!

A brass band from Springfield was on the

alty now.

What is the secret of the contrast between rebel efficiency and governmental helplessness?

When the Confederate Government was organ-When the Confederate Government was organized, the opposition was at once associated in the Administration. Stepheos, who ran with Douglas, was made Vice President. A Cabinet of all parties was constructed. When Cabinet officers were proved inefficient, they were dismissed. Laggard Generals were cashiered, deserters shot, speculators punished. The South was organized on a war basis.

President Lincoln, on the other hand, made up his Cabinet out of the dead wood of the Chicago Convention. Seward, Chase, Cameron,

cago Convention. Seward, Chase, Cameron, Bates, were all his rivals and enemies of each other—all disappointed and rejected men!— These worn out politicians had their followers to provide for, and they fed them upon the plunder of the treasury, upon the spoils of pat-ronage. In the crisis of the first battle of Bull Rue, the President was engaged in settling pal-try claims of partisans to postoffices; and four-teen months later, when Washington was in hourly danger of capture. squadron, the headquarters of which will be at

-selecting them upon occasion from the expos-ed and condemned shoddy contractors. Our army, at a conjuncture when the fortunes in arrears, and the reasons for this inattention of the whole contest were dependent upon it, is that company officers and paymasters, and has been sacrificed to political jealousies. Anis that company officers and paymasters, and large numbers of straggiers, are away from places of muster. Difficulties, too, exist in consequence of the necessity of furnishing us notes of a denomination of five, ten and twenty dollars, although the printers use every exertion to answer the very large demands; beside, all the bounty and advance to the volum teers and recruits, amounting to twelve or fifteen millions of dellars, have a far as known. their neighbors. Never on so great an occa-sion had an Administration confided itself to teen millions of dollars, have, as far as known,

The immense expenditures of the Department require close attention and accuracy in following the regulations for the guidance of Paymasters, as heretofore established in conformity decision of the Supreme Court, in regard to the

We stood as immeasurably above our adalone, the contest lies between ourselves and

our adversaries .- N. Y. Argus. What Mrs. McCiellan Says

|Correspondence Hartford Courant.] NEW YORK Oct. 2.—A letter from our army in the upper Potomac, says the rebels have behaving with her a sweet infant, which was almost smothered by the caresses of a number of soldiers who had learned that she was a young McClelian. On my way to this city (in the A letter from Pensacola says the harbor and defenses of Mobile have lately become subjects of close study in army and navy circles here, as that will probably be the first point of strack. The channel runs close to the fort, and is commanded not only by the guns of Fort Morgan, but also enfilled by those of Fort Gaines, the smaller fort on Dauphin Island.

No considerable rebel force is garrisoning. No considerable rebel force is garrisoning either Charleston, Mobile or Savannah, it is believed, but much has been done in the way of obstructing channels and constructing defensive works along the water approaches to all these cities.

Our harbor is filling fast with men-of-war of service with great reluctance, but it had been

pressed upon him with the assurance that he should not be interfered with. I remarked to her that at first I felt grea confidence in her husband, which afterward I had, to a certain extent, lost; but that I had, previous to his late success, regained it She said the same observation had been made by others. I told her I thought the General had not done justice to himself, in not explaining to the public circumstances which looked unfavorable to him. "Do you not think," said she, when the public transport of the public circumstances which looked unfavorable to him. "Do you not think," said she, when the public is the same properties in him to be successed. "that it was more patriotic in him, to bear his wrongs in ellence, rather than to trouble the lips of the speaker."

cause of his country."

I should hold myself inexcusable for making der command of Coffee and Sheiby. Seven miles west of Neosho, in the same county, are seven thousand, under command of Gen. Cooper, brother of the Adjutant-General of the rebel army. Half of this number under Cooper are Indians, all well armed. At Pea Ridge, Gen. Rains has four thousand five hundred men, and Rains has four thousand five hundred men, and that General county of Pranklis, and State of Oblo, to the County of Columbus. Rains has four thousand five hundred men, and Gen. Carroll two thousand. South of Foraythe, just over the Arkanesas line, Gen. Parsons has three thousand. Near Parsons, toward the east, is Gen. McBride, with about three thousand. At Little Rock, Gen. Holmes has seventeen the man dangers by which we are surrounded.

State of the paramount the county of Frankins, and state of the county of Frankins, and state of the county of Frankins, and state in the county of Frankins, and state of the county of Frankins, and state in the county of Frankins, and state of the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of the undivided half of Let 18, in the county of t

[From the Madison County Democrat.]

three thousand are either within the boundary of Missouri or on its southern lines. The whole force is under the command of General Holmes.

The rebels in all the camps indulge in confident expectations of wintering in St. Losis, and entertain not a shadow of doubt of their ability to do so.

The conscription act of the Confederate States is in full force in Newton and McDonald counties. All citizens of the requisite age are seized and compelled to enter the rebel service of leave the country. Many prominent citizens of these counties have fied to avoid conscription.

Gen. Hindman is under arrest, arising from

The Somerford meeting.

Considering the unusually busy season among the farmers, the meeting at Losis, and entertain not a shadow of doubt of their ability to do so.

The conscription act of the Confederate States is in full force in Newton and McDonald counties. All citizens of the requisite age are seized and compelled to enter the rebel service of the day. We will not attempt a respect of his remarks, but suffice it to say, that whatever statement he made he backed it up with facts and figures. Mr. Cox was followed by Judge Thurman in a few brief but telling remarks. The Somerford Meeting

of these counties have fied to avoid consoription.

Gen. Hindman is under arrest, arising from a misunderstanding between himself and Polk, the precise cause of which does not seem to be known.

Senator Doclivels said at the negro emancipation meeting in Chicago Saturday night that "the last two years the hand of God is plainly visible in the conduct of the war!" A very indifferent compliment that to the Supreme Being. Doclittle also averred that if the Union had been saved at Ball Run, the institution of clavery would have remained intact, and it was not God's purpose to have it so. He said as to that next to God he trusted in Abraham Lincoln, who was raised up to be a second Washington!" It is difficult to determine which is the most prominent characteristic of these Abolitionists—profanisy or folly—Military Abolition party, was to unite with a party whose to the series of the series

motto was "the Union as it was and the Consti

A brass band from Springfield was on the ground and enlivened the occasion with their best music. We noticed among those in attendance the faces of many of our good old Democratic friends from different sections of

It is well, occasionally, to resur to original landmarks to see where we are drifting; and with that view we publish some extracts from the Declaration of Independence, and from the Constitution of the United States:

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE. The history of the present King of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations, all having in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these

States.

He has affected to render the military independent of, and superior to the civil power.

He has combined with others, to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our Constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws.

For depriving us, in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury.

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offenses.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES. ARTICLE 1, Section 1. All legislative powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Sen-

the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

ART. 1, Sec. 8. The Congress shall have power * to provide for the common defense and general welfare of the United States.

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers, and all other powers vented by this Constitution in the Government of the United States or in any department or officer thereof.

ART. 1, Sec. 9. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended, unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

ducted and withheld from the amount thereof accordingly.

James Munson, of Ohio, has been appointed Consul at Rio Janeiro, in place of Richard C. Parsons.

Washington, Oct. 2.—Col. W. R. Raasloff, with such pay, or provision, or armament, as for several years past Minister of Denmark to We stood as immeasurably above our ad resources, in resources, on the last day's battle at Bull Run as a year ago. We are now the Celestial Empire.

We stood as immeasurably above our ad Religion, as we understand it, is not of the sword. We have always supposed that religions men looked forward to the time when the sickle and the plowshare should supplant warlike in the colonel Farnsworth, of the 8th Illinois cavalhandling these resources. There, and there lie down together, when universal brotherhood should prevail, when the earnest prayer of a common humanity should be peace and good will to all; and until this savage civil war occurred, we foully hoped our people had been educated up to this point. But it seems that some of our own clergyman consider muckets better than the kiss of bely peace, and with imbedite

hands seeking to grasp the sword of Hildebrand, look less to the religion of the Lord and more to that of Sathanial.

No. Partyism. The Boston Courier breaks forth into an eulogy of the no-party position of the Administration, as evinced in its recent tax appoint-

The strictness with which the Tressury Department adheres to the sentiment—"no-par-ty"—in the appointment of collecters and assessors under the new tax bill is very striking assessors under the new tex bill is very striking. There is no stilly recognition of the old distinction of Democrats, Whigs, or Constitutional Union men; and though every man appointed is actually from the former Republican party, yet this must, of course, be owing to the fact of superior qualifications, and cannot in these times, certainly be attributable to predilections, interests, or objects.

How Abolitionists are Regarded in the other World,-Mrs. Cora L V. Hatch, who has become somewhat celebrated as a lecturer has become somewhat delebrated as a lecturer professing to speak in an abnormal condition and influenced by disbodied spirits, delivered a lecture at Kingsbury Hall on Sunday evening last. At the conclusion of the lecture, questions were propounded by the audience, and among others, the following:

"Should an Abolitionist be deemed a loyal citizen?"

citizen 7"

Allen Spencer

Master Commissioner's Sale.

Superior Court of Franklin County, Ohio. IN PUSESUANCE OF AN ORDER OF the said court, to me directed, I will offer for sale as public auction at the door of the Court House in the city of Columbus,

THOS. FPARROW, Att'y. Printer's foce \$4 50. aug 99-dita wid

Sheriff's Sale Court of Common Pleas Bernard Fisher. John English

Pranklin County.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE public anction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Columbus, Ohio, on Saturday the 4th day of October, A D. 1862,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, situate in Frankila county, Ohio, to wit:
Inlot number 235 in the city of Columbus, Ohio, Appraisod at \$12,000 CO.
Printer's fees, \$23.50. G. W. HUYPMAN, Sherill of Franklin doub